BECAUSE EVERY CHILD IS A CHAMPION
As UEFA Women’s EURO 2022 drew closer, there was a fervent hope that the tournament would be a resounding success and take women’s football to exciting new heights. Now, as we take stock of July’s enthralling events in England, we can say with every justification that our expectations were not only completely fulfilled – they were in fact surpassed in remarkable fashion.

It was a EURO for the ages. Records were rewritten across the board, with impressive new benchmarks registered that will hopefully add further impetus to the growth of the women’s game across Europe. Moreover, the tournament had a refreshingly positive and festive feel, with fans generating a diverse, vibrant and enthusiastic atmosphere around the matches. Everyone joined together as one to share in the unrivalled joy of our beautiful sport.

The final at Wembley Stadium provided a fittingly memorable climax to a competition that offered football of the highest calibre. Congratulations to England, magnificent tournament hosts and worthy first-time champions on home soil after overcoming the outstanding challenge presented by Germany. Together, the finalists delivered a combative and dramatic encounter that captivated the 87,192 spectators present – a record attendance for a women’s or men’s EURO final tournament match.

As the dust settles, the European football community has already started work on maximising the important momentum that the tournament brought to women’s football. New expectations sit high on all of our agendas. Each member association must implement effective strategies to build on the positive image left by the EURO – with special emphasis, among many others, on increasing participation levels among women and girls.

On our side, UEFA will continue to support the implementation of Time for Action – our five-year strategy for the women’s game in Europe, which has already had a profound impact across the continent. That means offering associations every incentive to make sustainable progress by investing resources and reinforcing women’s football development activities.

The Women’s EURO has left us with much to savour and a host of unforgettable memories. But it is now essential that all of us who have the well-being of women’s football at heart work together tirelessly to ensure that the legacy of a magical month in England is never allowed to fall into neglect. The future rests in our own hands.
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PEOPLE TELL ME, ‘YOU’VE BROUGHT THE BEAUTIFUL GAME BACK’

Baroness Sue Campbell, director of women’s football at the English Football Association (The FA), reflects on England’s triumph – and what comes next.

“I could take a pound for everybody who’s stopped me to say how brilliant they think the women’s game is... and I’m not just talking about England. I’m talking about the skill level, the way the women play, their respect for the referee, their toughness in terms of if they get kicked, they just get up and get on.”

Baroness Sue Campbell, director of women’s football at the English Football Association, is sharing some of her highlights of a summer to remember. For her, as for so many followers of English football, this will be remembered as the summer of a home triumph at the UEFA Women’s EURO, a summer of record attendances and unprecedented interest. Yet Campbell finds reasons for pride beyond just hoping there is a legacy.

“People tell me, ‘This means people are going into the final with babies in PE lessons. The FA’s strategic objectives offer equal access through girls’ football better access to football for girls in schools. We want girls to realise you don’t have to live in superstar homes, they’re ordinary people. And they take their responsibility to show up in school and be told she shouldn’t be prevented from playing because of being. Well, you can do that. You can develop your physical well-being, you can build social links and you can develop your emotional well-being, you can do that. You can develop your physical well-being, you can do that. You can develop your physical well-being, you can do that. You can develop your physical well-being, you can do that. You can develop your physical well-being, you can do that. You can develop your physical well-being, you can do that. You can develop your physical well-being, you can do that. You can develop your physical well-being, you can do that. You can develop your physical well-being, you can do that. You can develop your physical well-being, you can do that. You can develop your physical well-being, you can do that. You can develop your physical well-being, you can do that. You can develop your physical well-being, you can do that. You can develop your physical well-being, you can do that. You can develop your physical well-being, you can do that. You can develop your physical well-being, you can do that. You can develop your physical well-being, you can do that. You can develop your physical well-being, you can do that. You can develop your physical well-being, you can do that. You can develop your physical well-being, you can do that. You can develop your physical well-being, you can do that. You can develop your physical well-being, you can do that. You can develop your physical well-being, you can do that. You can develop your physical well-being, you can do that. You can develop your physical well-being, you can do that. You can develop your physical well-being, you can do that. You can develop your physical well-being, you can do that. You can develop your physical well-being, you can do that. You can develop your physical well-being, you can do that. You can develop your physical well-being, you can do that. You can develop your physical well-being, you can do that. You can develop your physical well-being, you can do that. You can develop your physical well-being, you can do that. You can develop your physical well-being, you can do that. You can develop your physical well-being, you can do that. You can develop your physical well-being, you can do that. You can develop your physical well-being, you can do that. You can develop your physical well-being, you can do that. You can develop your physical well-being, you can do that. You can develop your physical well-being, you can do that.
BREAKING ALL THE RECORDS IN ENGLAND

Women’s EURO 2022 will be remembered for the sensational action on the field of play and the atmosphere in the stadiums. It also set new records both on the pitch as well as in terms of attendance and viewing figures.
1. In the group stage, it took Switzerland only five minutes to put two goals past Portugal goalkeeper Inês Pereira. Switzerland’s joy was short-lived, however, as Portugal brought the score level in the second half.

2. The first goal at Women’s EURO 2022 was scored by England’s Beth Mead against Austria, watched by a crowd of 35,000 at Old Trafford, sending the Lionesses on their way to their first title.

3. By reaching the quarter-finals, Austria’s Marina Georgieva up against Northern Ireland’s Marissa Callaghan in their teams’ group match confirmed their European status after their semi-final appearance in 2017.
Italy and Iceland’s 1-1 draw lost both teams points and closed the door to the quarter-finals to both of them.
1. Tine De Caigny celebrates the goal that put Belgium through to their first Women’s EURO quarter-finals, at Italy’s expense.

2. In Rotherham, reigning European champions the Netherlands came unstuck against France in the quarter-finals.

3. A friendly flag-waving contest between German and French supporters at the semi-final in Milton Keynes.
1. An urban setting for Denmark vs Spain in Brentford.
2. Germany’s Alexandra Popp scored both of the goals that defeated France in their semi-final played in Milton Keynes.
Chloe Kelly scores England’s winner in the 110th minute of the final.
Group A

06/07/22 Trafford England - Austria 1-0
07/07/22 Southampton Norway - Northern Ireland 4-1
11/07/22 Southampton Austria - Northern Ireland 2-0
15/07/22 Brighton & Hove England - Norway 8-0
15/07/22 Southampton Northern Ireland - England 0-5
15/07/22 Brighton & Hove Austria - Norway 1-0

Group B

08/07/22 Milton Keynes Spain - Finland 4-1
08/07/22 London Germany - Denmark 4-0
12/07/22 Milton Keynes Denmark - Finland 1-0
12/07/22 London Germany - Spain 2-0
15/07/22 London Denmark - Spain 1-0
15/07/22 London Denmark - Norway 2-0
15/07/22 London Norway - Spain 1-0

Group C

09/07/22 Wigan & Leigh Portugal - Switzerland 2-2
09/07/22 Sheffield Netherlands - Sweden 1-1
13/07/22 Sheffield Sweden - Switzerland 2-1
13/07/22 Wigan & Leigh Netherlands - Portugal 3-2
16/07/22 Wigan & Leigh Netherlands - Switzerland 1-0
16/07/22 Sheffield Sweden - Portugal 5-0

Group D

10/07/22 Manchester Belgium - Iceland 1-1
10/07/22 Rotterdam France - Italy 5-1
14/07/22 Manchester Italy - Iceland 1-1
14/07/22 Rotterdam France - Belgium 2-1
16/07/22 Rotterdam Iceland - France 1-1
16/07/22 Manchester Italy - Belgium 0-1

Standings

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</tbody>
</table>

Quarter-finals

20/07/22 Brighton & Hove England - Spain 2-1
22/07/22 Wigan & Leigh Sweden - Belgium 1-0

Semi-finals

20/07/22 Brighton & Hove England - Austria 2-0
22/07/22 Sheffield England - Sweden 4-0

Final

31/07/22 London England - Germany 2-1

Quarter-finals

21/07/22 London England - Austria 2-0
23/07/22 Rotterdam France - Switzerland 2-1

*after extra time
The team behind every match

Staging the biggest UEFA Women’s EURO ever required phenomenal teamwork. Here we look at how the tournament’s organisation set new records inside and outside the stadiums.

**Doping control**
- The largest-ever anti-doping programme for a Women’s EURO saw UEFA collect 208 samples before and during the tournament. All tested negative.
- UEFA delivered anti-doping education and awareness resources to each team.

**Accessibility for all**
- UEFA reserved over 3,000 tickets for supporters using wheelchairs, each with a companion seat.
- An online audio-descriptive commentary system allowed blind and partially-sighted fans to follow the action.

**Media operations**
- Online: 370 journalists, photographers and non-rights holding broadcasters.
- Online: 1,500+ videos, photos, data items and news stories shared on UEFA’s media channel.

**Attendance figures**
- 574,875 fans attended the 31 matches, surpassing the previous record of 240,055 before the end of the group stage.
- 87,192: England v Germany set a new record for a UEFA EURO match – women’s and men’s.

**Volunteers**
- 2,300+ volunteers ensured a fantastic spectator experience at all stadiums and host cities.
- Ticketing and accreditation services played a central role in the tournament’s organisational success story.

**Social media**
- 453 million cumulative social interactions
  - TikTok: 38.3%
  - Twitter: 21.3%
- 590,000 new followers across UEFA’s women’s football accounts on social media.

**Volunteers**
- 2,300+ volunteers ensured a fantastic spectator experience at all stadiums and host cities.
- Ticketing and accreditation services played a central role in the tournament’s organisational success story.

**Accessibility for all**
- Onsite: 570+ journalists, photographers and non-rights holding broadcasters.
- Online: 1,500+ videos, photos, data items and news stories shared on UEFA’s media channel.

**Attendance figures**
- 574,875 fans attended the 31 matches, surpassing the previous record of 240,055 before the end of the group stage.
- 87,192: England v Germany set a new record for a UEFA EURO match – women’s and men’s.

**English FA legacy programme**
- 400,000+ new opportunities for girls and women to play football in the host cities.
- 7,900 new registrations at clubs.
- 14,600 girls and women playing the game recreationally for the first time.
UEFA’s hopes that the Women’s EURO in England would set impressive new standards for women’s football had been realised in spectacular fashion. The chair of the UEFA Women’s Football Committee, Anne Rei, shares her impressions of the tournament and looks at the road ahead for the women’s game in Europe.

What’s your overriding feeling about the Women’s EURO from the perspective of European women’s football and its future?

To everyone’s great delight, the event was a resounding success, creating potentially huge momentum for the women’s game. Completely new expectations have emerged that we now have to manage, especially in terms of preparing and organising the next tournament in 2025. The bar has been raised to a new level, and we must adjust to this.

What aspects of the EURO surprised you most?

My abiding sensation is that the tournament had a great purity and sincerity about it – and I was thrilled by the wonderfully positive atmosphere as well. There was a tremendous diversity of people at the matches – for instance, we saw a lot of families in the stands, showing their joy and creating a festive environment. There was a sense of community – everyone enjoying being together, sharing the beautiful game in a safe and happy environment. The atmosphere at the final at Wembly was unbelievable, something never to forget!

Record attendances, record TV viewing figures – the unbelievable, something never to forget!

I think that everybody within women’s football needs to play their part and create significant change, from the grassroots level to the elite. We must make use of this new momentum and capitalise on our various strategies, visions and plans. Every national association must work with their specific strategies and use the positive image created by the EURO to support their activities and achieve their objectives. It’s clear to me that the UEFA women’s football strategy launched in 2019 has had a major impact on the development of women’s football. With its clear objectives, targets and actions, the strategy has laid the foundations to professionalise our match-fixing structures and build the best possible platform to help the women’s game thrive in the coming years. Alongside this strategy, UEFA is also fulfilling a key role in investing considerable resources in women’s football to help it move upwards and upwards.

How can Europe’s national associations contribute to keeping the momentum going?

There are a number of possibilities. Firstly, we can create regular playing opportunities for talented girls and move towards the professionalisation of elite women’s football. We must also encourage FA’s to recognise women’s football as a dual-career sport. UEFA has to emphasise to its member associations that they need to implement a specific women’s football strategy in their countries… and I’m pleased to say that this latter aspect is already bearing fruit – 44% of European FAs had a women’s football strategy in 2019, and that percentage rose to 67% in 2021!

Secondly, UEFA can foster an overall understanding of the women’s game by continuing to provide regular insights into areas such as participation, medicine and financial aspects. UEFA recently published the Business Case for Women’s Football, a practical report underlining the potential for growth in the women’s club and league game over the next decade. This is a perfect example of what UEFA’s role should be.

And let’s not forget UEFA’s special women’s football development programmes for coaches, officials and referees, and the support being given through the UEFA HatTrick programme’s incentives for women’s football. These initiatives are also having an profound impact on the progress of the women’s game throughout the continent. It’s extremely gratifying to see how UEFA is devoting such priority attention and resources to women’s football and its various elements. This is absolutely essential for the future.

There are still large discrepancies in quality between teams in Europe. What can be done to help countries still at the development stage to be more competitive?

This is one of the most critical issues at the moment. Within the UEFA Women’s Football Committee, we’re discussing how we can transform the competitions and nurture the right environment for development. We must aim for more competitively equal matches at all levels. It’s an ongoing process. We’ve already reshaped the girls’ Under-17 and Under-19 qualifying formats, and this move has had a positive impact in terms of sporting balance. We’ve received initial positive feedback from associations and coaches.

How do you judge the quality and value of UEFA’s promotional activities for women’s football?

I really believe they’ve hit their targets. They’ve generated an atmosphere of ‘fandom’ around women’s football and increased the visibility of the women’s game, especially in the specific targeted age groups. Their activities have changed perceptions – and, in particular, they’ve helped create role models for girls to try to emulate.

I’m personally not the target group for these activities! However, I’ve seen the numbers and heard the feedback – all of which are extremely positive and promising for the future.

You’re not only chair of the UEFA Women’s Football Committee, you’re also general secretary of the Estonian Football Association. The number of women currently in leadership positions within European national football associations is encouraging, but there’s scope for even greater numbers. How can this be achieved?

Currently, we have three female association presidents – in England, Iceland and Norway – and five female general secretaries or CEOs – besides myself, in France, Germany, Iceland and Portugal. Their presence provides ample proof that women can make a significant impact within the game – not only on the field, but also as part of the key decision-making processes off it.

This is a huge step forward and, personally, I’m delighted to see that big traditional footballing countries are showing the way. I also know that within many FAs, female representation on boards or in leadership roles has increased significantly in recent times.

Doors are certainly opening…

It’s crystal clear to me that the more women there are in leadership positions, the more doors will be opened for others to join them. There’s definitely been a shift in perceptions – and, in my opinion, the evolution taking place has been spearheaded by the success of women’s football on the field.

And, of course, by implementing educational, leadership and mentoring programmes, we can give crucial backing to women in football who are striving to take their next professional steps. I strongly believe that the example being set currently will serve as an immense source of inspiration for women to play a full part in shaping the future of the game on this continent.

‘THE BAR HAS BEEN RAISED TO A NEW LEVEL’
THE STATS BEHIND WOMEN’S EURO 2022

UEFA Direct looks at some of the statistics and figures found in the UEFA Women’s EURO 2022 technical report to see how the goals were scored in the game-changing and record-breaking tournament.

TOP SCORERS

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<th>Player</th>
<th>Goals</th>
<th>Minutes played</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
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<td>6</td>
<td>450</td>
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<tr>
<td>Alexandra Popp (GER)</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>361</td>
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<td>Alessia Russo (ENG)</td>
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<td>Grace Geyoro (FRA)</td>
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<td>Lina Magull (GER)</td>
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GOAL TIME

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GOAL TYPE

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</tr>
<tr>
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| Set-play goals scored | 38% | 62% |

*Includes 2 own goals following a set play

FOR THE RECORD

UEFA DIRECT • Q3 2022
A study of past Women’s EURO tournaments highlights improvements in passing, pressing and possession as better coaching and fitness help the elite women’s game develop.

The impact of better coaching is evident too in the reduced number of turnovers of possession, which means that when teams get the ball, they are passing it better and making more profitable use of their spells of possession.

UEFA hopes that by identifying the important trends in the women’s international game, it can help the coaching community to build on the success of the 2022 finals. Here we reflect on the principal taking points raised by the study.

Goals v expected goals (xG)
The 2022 tournament averaged 3.07 goals per game, which aligns with the wider trend for higher-scoring matches seen across football generally. The expected goals (xG) per game, meanwhile, has decreased since 1997. As the bar chart shows, for the 1997 finals, the xG was 3 and the goals total was 2.33. Indeed, the xG figure was greater than the goals total in four of the six previous tournaments in the study, whereas in 2022 we saw the opposite, with an xG of 2.69, which suggests an improvement in finishing technique. Shooting was one of the chief areas of focus of the study and the evidence points to players having become more selective when it comes to taking shots – a product of better approach play and also better defending.

Goals vs expected goals

WOMEN’S EURO EVOLUTION SIGNALS RISING STANDARDS

Q uality, not quantity. This short slogan could feature in a broad community to build on the success of the last seven UEFA Women’s EUROs. The study, commissioned by UEFA using data from Statbel, assesses every Women’s EURO from 1997 up to and including this summer’s final tournament in England and it has found several significant markers of improvement.

For a start, teams have become more selective in their shooting and pressing – shooting from better locations and pressing higher in the final third – both of which are signs of improved levels of organisation and fitness. When it comes to pressing, for instance, the average number of pressures has risen to 112 per game – compared with 112 in the first Women’s EURO of this century in 2001.

The study, commissioned by UEFA and the evidence points to players having become more selective in their shooting and pressing – a product of better approach play and also better defending.

\[
\text{Shots attempted per match}
\]

\[
\text{Goalkeepers’ save percentage}
\]

\[
\text{Goals v expected goals (xG)}
\]

Interestingly, while defences are now better organised, the save percentage of the goalkeepers at Women’s EUROs has fallen, from a high of 80% in 1997 to a low of 65% in 2022. Again this seems a likely product of the fact players are shooting from better positions.

SHOOTING – Goals rise as shots fall

The average shot distance has fallen with every Women’s EURO since 2005 – an average rate of 0.61m per tournament. In 2022, the average distance was 16.5m and this is likely to be a consequence of teams seeking to create higher-quality goal-scoring opportunities, which itself is a consequence, we can reasonably speculate, of better coaching.

\[
\text{Goals vs expected goals (xG)}
\]

\[
\text{Shots under pressure}
\]

Over 55% of shots are now taken under pressure – a slight dip from the 60% high recorded in 2017 but still a notable rise from the figure of just over 45% registered in 1997. Defensive organisation has improved over time, as already stated, and defenders are more aware of the need to disturb the player on the ball.
The study considered set pieces and found that the balance between goals from open play (around 65%) and from set plays has been largely stable since the 2005 tournament in England. The average combined number of shots per game from set pieces at this Women’s EURO was 9.1 – the highest yet. The fact that set pieces were more productive would indicate that teams have been focusing more on the detail and organisation of dead-ball situations, finding value in set plays as per the trend in the game generally.

One additional point regarding set plays is that it would seem this extra attention to detail is focused on corner kicks. To refer to the chart below, at this year’s tournament, 20.6% of shots came from corners – the second-biggest source outside of open play (72.5%).

There was a notable decrease in the percentage of goals from direct free-kicks – a drop of 3% since 2017 – but a 2% increase for indirect free-kicks. The duration of pressures is also noteworthy. This was above one second for the second tournament running – 1.03 compared with 1.05 in 2017 – and it supports the perception that teams are now better organised when it comes to pressing, with a specific plan for when to press and how long for.

Another area where the study offers food for thought is pressing. The average number of pressures per team per match in this year’s tournament was 152. Only in 2005 has a higher average been recorded (154) and, once more, it is fair to infer that rising fitness levels and improved coaching are both relevant causes.

The duration of pressures is also noteworthy. This was above one second for the second tournament running – 1.03 compared with 1.05 in 2017 – and it supports the perception that teams are now better organised when it comes to pressing, with a specific plan for when to press and how long for.
The number of passes per game, meanwhile, has witnessed a steady climb. The 2022 tournament saw the highest average yet, with 942 per game and Spain leading the way with 619.2 passes per game. Regarding the table above, it should also be mentioned that the type of pass is evolving. In 1997 only 50% of passes were played on the ground and 14% were ‘low’ passes. By this year, 61% of passes were on the ground and just 8% were low.

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THE ROADS TO ISTANBUL, BUDAPEST AND PRAGUE

Draw ceremonies in Istanbul launch the men’s club competitions.

D ateline Istanbul, Thursday 25 and Friday 26 August. Calendars are not renowned for providing riveting reading. But, for once, dates were standout factors when the draws were made for the three major UEFA men’s club competitions at the Haliç Congress Center. With the World Cup looming large in its novel time slot, the group stages of all three needed to be compressed into an unusually short space of time – to the extent that, by the time the groups have been completed, three groups contain only one previous winner, while the other four contain two. Anecdotally, the draw in Istanbul featured five of the eight clubs that have won the UEFA Champions League 30 years ago, but not the ones you might think. In the autumn of 1992, Olympique Marseille, Barcelona and AC Milan, who would dearly love to entertain visitors for the final, came out of the hat in Group G alongside CFR Cluj, Sivasspor and Ballkani, who have just made history as the first club from Kosovo to make it through to the group stage of a UEFA club competition. The Eden Arena is home to Slavia Praha, who would dearly love to entertain visitors for the final. The Czech club came out of the hat in Group D alongside CFR Cluj, Sivasspor and Ballkani, who have just made history as the first club from Kosovo to make it through to the group stage of a UEFA club competition. The Eden Arena, by the way, has hosted two previous finals – and both went through extra-time into penalty shoot-outs.

THE ROADS TO ISTANBUL, BUDAPEST AND PRAGUE

To be precise, Group C was the one to provoke gasping in the congress centre. The presence of FC Bayern München, FC Barcelona and FC Internazionale Milano alongside FC Viktoria Plzen means that, by the time the groups have been completed, unusually early, in the first week of November, at least one former champion of Europe will have been eliminated from the race back to Istanbul. By contrast, three groups contain only one previous winner, while the other four contain two. Anecdotally, the draw in Istanbul featured five of the eight clubs that entered the group phase of the inaugural UEFA Champions League 30 years ago, but not the ones you might think. In the autumn of 1992, Olympique Marseille, AC Milan and FC Porto were in the other quartet, alongside IFK Göteborg and PSV Eindhoven.

On the following day at the Haliç Congress Center, four ex-champs of Europe (FK Crvena Zvezda, Feyenoord, Firenze and the aforementioned PSV Eindhoven) went into the pot, with the draw for the UEFA Europa Conference League fired the starting pistol for the race towards the Puskás Arena in Budapest, where the final on Wednesday 31 will be the only one to squeeze into the month of May 2023. Inaugurated in 2019, it was the venue for the UEFA Super Cup in the following year when FC Bayern München defeated Sevilla FC 2-1 – it was the first occasion before the identities of the four champions are revealed. The hat-trick was completed by the draw for the group stage of the UEFA Europa Conference League, where the draw is about trotting up to the pitch in Prague on Wednesday 7 June 2023. The Eden Arena is home to Slavia Praha, who would dearly love to entertain visitors for the final. The Czech club came out of the hat in Group G alongside CFR Cluj, Sivasspor and Ballkani, who have just made history as the first club from Kosovo to make it through to the group stage of a UEFA club competition. The Eden Arena, by the way, has hosted two previous finals – and both went through extra-time into penalty shoot-outs.

10 June – especially those who were there for the final in 2005 that was arguably one of the most remarkable of the 30 finals played since the UEFA Champions League was introduced. Rafael Benítez’s team, 3-0 down at half-time against Carlo Ancelotti’s AC Milan, produced a miraculous second-half comeback to draw 3-3 and lift the trophy after winning 3-2 in the penalty shoot-out. AC Milan supporters (and Carlo Ancelotti) might welcome a return visit shoot-out. AC Milan supporters (and Carlo Ancelotti) might welcome a return visit. AC Milan, produced a miraculous second-half comeback to draw 3-3 and lift the trophy after winning 3-2 in the penalty shoot-out. AC Milan supporters (and Carlo Ancelotti) might welcome a return visit to the Eden Arena, by the way, has hosted two previous finals – and both went through extra-time into penalty shoot-outs. AC Milan, produced a miraculous second-half comeback to draw 3-3 and lift the trophy after winning 3-2 in the penalty shoot-out. AC Milan supporters (and Carlo Ancelotti) might welcome a return visit. AC Milan, produced a miraculous second-half comeback to draw 3-3 and lift the trophy after winning 3-2 in the penalty shoot-out.
Benzema and Putellas take the UEFA Player of the Year awards, with the ceremony in Istanbul also honouring two Italian coaches.

When Karim Benzema first caught the eye as a 16-year-old member of the France team that won the European Under-17 Championship in 2004, not even he could have imagined that the season of his life would materialise 18 years later and earn him a centre-stage appearance at the Haliç Congress Center in Istanbul to collect the UEFA Men’s Player of the Year award.

To argue with that, fans in his home city of Lyon might put up, as a rival contender, 2007/08 when he totted up his fourth Ligue 1 title with Olympique Lyonnais, and picked up Ligue 1 top scorer and player of the year awards. But, at 20, he had yet to acquire the tactical maturity, positional wisdom and finishing expertise that he was to display in the Real Madrid shirt 14 years later and would allow him to win the award by such an enormous distance that he more than quadrupled the voting points accumulated by his nearest pursuers – the Belgian duo of Manchester City’s Kevin De Bruyne and his Real Madrid team-mate Thibaut Courtois.

Statistics spoke highly of his merits. By a massive margin, Benzema was top scorer in La Liga, his tally of 27 representing one third of Real Madrid’s goals. And another 15 – more than half of the side’s UEFA Champions League total – included a sequence of crucial goals in the knockout ties when his team was teetering on the brink of elimination. In Istanbul, he picked out his hat-trick against Paris Saint-Germain as the most abiding memory of his campaign, along with Carlo Ancelotti’s ability to reduce pressure on the players and impart a mood of calm confidence – which provides a cue to step from playing to coaching for a moment to pay tribute to the Italian who was on stage to receive the UEFA Men’s Coach of the Year award

Typically, he shied away from protagonism. “Individual awards are really about what the team has achieved,” he insisted in Istanbul. “So the award is something to share with everyone who made it possible.” He makes no secret of his conviction that empathy and the ability to create positive environments and relationships are an important element in the coach’s repertoire – a view shared by his nearest pursuers in the voting, Jürgen Klopp and Josep Guardiola.

Still with coaches, another Italian maestro was the recipient of the UEFA President’s Award in recognition of, as Aleksander Čeferin put it, “his endless tactical innovations.” “Arrigo Sacchi reinvented the ethos of teamwork, which transcended to pure harmony on the pitch,” the UEFA president added. “Perfect synchronisation and a winning mindset, irrespective of whether they were playing at home or away.” Self-deprecatingly, the legendary AC Milan coach maintained that his ideas were simple. But making football look simple requires hard work and genius…

To complete the hat-trick of awards for coaches, Sarina Wiegman broke new ground en route to the UEFA Women’s Coach of the Year award. By lifting the Women’s EURO 2022 trophy with England in July, she became the first coach to win successive Euros with two different countries, both of which were host nations and victorious for the first time in the competition’s history. The final at Wembley climaxed a season in which Wiegman’s team remained unbeaten and ran up a goal tally of 106 scored and five conceded.

More significantly, maybe, she became the first female coach to earn the award, taking the baton from two male club coaches, Ludis Cortés of FC Barcelona and Jean-Luc Vasseur of Olympique Lyonnas. And two female colleagues followed Wiegman in the voting: Sonia Bompastor, UEFA Women’s Champions League winner with Olympique Lyonnas, and Martina Voss-Tecklenburg, silver-medallist with Germany at Women’s EURO 2022.

Now back to players – and to FC Barcelona’s and Spain’s attacking midfielder Alexia Putellas, winner of the UEFA Women’s Player of the Year for 2021/22. To complete the hat-trick of awards for women’s coaches, Lluís Cortés of FC Barcelona took the baton from two male club coaches, the first female coach to earn the award, Liselotte Backlund of Östersunds FK was named UEFA Women’s Coach of the Year for 2021/22.

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UEFA President

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UEFA President

W
Young footballers with cerebral palsy enjoyed a Super Cup experience to remember thanks to the UEFA Foundation for Children.

**SPREADING HAPPINESS IN HELSINKI**

The UEFA Super Cup has long been regarded as a special occasion, bringing together the previous season’s UEFA Champions League and UEFA Europa League winners to celebrate the new campaign, but the event is about much more than what happens during the 90 minutes. It also provides an annual session. “Everybody should have the chance to play football and be themselves,” she said. “It’s amazing to see the joy in the kids and see how much they enjoy playing football – you cannot name a price for that. Football is a language we can all talk – it doesn’t matter where you come from or who you are.”

Young footballers with cerebral palsy enjoyed a Super Cup experience to remember thanks to the UEFA Foundation for Children.

The day before Real Madrid met Eintracht Frankfurt at the city’s Olympic Stadium, 16 children joined specially trained cerebral palsy (CP) football coaches at the Bolt Arena, home to HJK Helsinki, where the club’s women’s squad and men’s stars Paulus Arajuuri, Santeri Väänänen and Miro Tenho were waiting to take part in one huge match featuring fantastic footballers, while behind their fantastic work to a wider audience.

Events like today are important to show there are people like me that have cerebral palsy, which sometimes makes it harder to move physically,” said 13-year-old Maisa Fraser. “One thing I love about playing football is the friendship and the team – the team is like a second family, you have to appreciate every single one of them. It’s a life lesson – you have to appreciate everyone in your life.”

Midfielder Esi Sano was part of Finland’s Women’s EURO 2022 squad and took time to talk with the youngsters and pose for selfies at the end of the session. “Everybody should have the chance to play football and be themselves,” she said. “It’s amazing to see the joy in the kids and see how much they enjoy playing football – you cannot name a price for that. Football is a language we can all talk – it doesn’t matter where you come from or who you are.”

CF football coach Ville Sallinen wants to attract more young players to a game that has more than 80 groups and clubs across Finland, and believes events like this can spread an important message. “Diversity is important; it’s valuable and it should be cherished,” he said.

“Everyone should have equal opportunities to enjoy the game that so many people love around the world. The kids were all very excited, honoured and a little bit nervous in a good way.”

Sallinen’s work comes under the Football Association of Finland’s grassroots programme, which has 25 years’ experience in organising disability football. Its grassroots expert Lasse Keski-Loppi was delighted they could demonstrate their fantastic work to a wider audience. “We are proud to showcase our grassroots programme at the Super Cup,” he said. “This year we launched our own CP football programme to promote football for all in Finland. This helps many new young players to participate in football and follow their dreams.”

Four of the children were also specially selected to become player escorts at the Super Cup match, rubbing shoulders with their Champions League and Europa League heroes, while behind them 20 youngsters from the Icehearts association performed as centre-circle carriers during the pre-match ceremony on the pristine Olympic Stadium pitch.

Iceivearts provides long-term support for vulnerable children through sport, offering mentoring and playing opportunities to those who, for whatever reason, would not otherwise be able to participate. “When selecting the children participating in the Super Cup, we wanted to reward those who have shown special effort in their studies and share a true passion for football,” said icehearts’ Kari Koivunen. “They are excited to be part of this magical moment – football is their life!”

It is these magical moments that make the work of the UEFA foundation and its partners so valuable, not just once a year but all year round.
I
ended with England victorious. Under-19 Championship finals in three years, a 14-day tournament that
FOR ENGLAND

From 18 June to 1 July, Slovakia was the setting for the first European Under-19 Championship finals in three years, a 14-day tournament that ended with England victorious.

In Foster’s team won all five of their matches, though they had to dig deep in the final on 1 July against an impressive Israel side, coming from behind to prevail 3-1 after extra time through goals from Calum Doyle, Caryn Chukwuemeka and Aaron Ramsey.

For England, this was their second men’s Under-19 final tournament since the 2019 edition in Armenia. The cast list included four previous winners – France, Italy, England and Serbia – along with two countries competing for only the second time, Israel and Romania.

The qualifying process had begun in autumn 2021 with an initial round of 13 four-team mini-tournaments. It continued in the spring with an elite round in which the 28 surviving sides split into seven groups of four – albeit Russia refused withdrawal and Russia invited one of the groups to three. That particular group contained holders Spain but, on home turf, they gave up two-goal leads in successive draws with both Austria and Denmark, and Austria duly advanced.

Another high-profile casualty were Portugal, who had received a bye to the elite round with the highest seeding coefficient yet fell there at the hands of England.

Serbia were the last qualifiers, winning by the narrowest of margins their delayed elite round group in the Netherlands at the start of June. Only their better disciplinary record separated them from Ukraine – 10 yellow cards to their rivals’ 13.

So to the final tournament, staged across five venues, starting at the 18,100-capacity Trnava Stadium, which hosted five matches, including France’s 5-0 opening-day crushing of Slovakia and the final.

France, who equalled Spain’s record of most finals appearances (12), were Group A’s dominant force, hitting 11 goals as they supplemented that victory over Slovakia with wins over Romania and second placed Italy.

While the Group A action unfolded in western Slovakia – in Trnava and Dunajská Streda – Group B was played out in the capital city of Bratislava.

Overall, the Under-19 finals drew an aggregate attendance of 38,000 and those spectators saw some bright young talents, including France forward Loum Tchaouna, who finished as the tournament’s four-goal top scorer, and Israel No10 Oscar Gloukh, who earned the Goal of the Tournament prize for an 89th-minute strike in the final.

Aaron Ramsey.

Callum Doyle, Carney Chukwuemeka and Oscar Gloukh capped a blistering counterattack to fire past England goalkeeper Matthew Cox and give Israel the lead five minutes before half-time.
Spain obtained their third European Women’s Under-19 title in four tournaments with success in the Czech Republic between 27 June and 9 July.

Victory for Pedro López’s side, their fourth title at this level overall, came after a closely contested final with Norway at Ostrava’s Mětský Stadium on 9 July. After falling behind to a well-taken goal by Norway’s Iris Omarsdóttir on five minutes, Spain fought back to level through Ane Elexpuru after 36 minutes. A tight second half followed with Spain having to work hard to break down a determined Norwegian defence. Hegi Riise’s side successfully repelled Spain’s attack until added time, when FC Barcelona’s Julia Bartel found the breakthrough with the decisive strike in the 94th minute.

“Of course, they’re disappointed because of injury. But we have right through the whole season. We need to be strong in defence and good on the counterattack, and that’s what we did. The girls should be proud of their performance. “Of course, they’re disappointed now, but they will learn so much from going through the group stage and knockout stage. “The early goal was exactly in our thinking of how we could do it. We followed the game plan well, being strong and not letting Spain get into space. The games we won against Sweden and France, it went our way. This time, it was the opposite. We were close, but not close enough.”

Helping women’s football to grow in the Czech Republic
Although the host side, the Czech Republic, failed to qualify from Group A, where they faced the formidable task of playing against Spain, Italy and France, Jan Navrátil’s side acquitted themselves well against tough opposition. The host nation played with spirit and commitment until the final minute of their last group game against Italy and were unfortunate not to upset one of the big European nations.

The general secretary of the Football Association of the Czech Republic, Michal Valtr, believes the opportunity for the Czech Under-19 team to compete with high-quality opposition will be of benefit for the development of the women’s game in the country in the future. “For us, as the organisers of the final tournament, it brings one extra bonus – our national team could compete in the qualifiers and, regardless of the results, were guaranteed to participate in the final tournament. The opportunity to play quality matches will definitely help the development of our best players in the Under-19 category.”

Spain’s Under-19s held up a No14 shirt in a show of unity with their women’s team captain, Alexia Putellas, the senior team’s captain, that saw her ruled out of the final softened, Norway, too, could look back on a commendable campaign. After losing their opening group game 4-1 to England, Riise’s side recovered to beat both Germany and Sweden in Group B. Another impressive victory followed in the 1-0 semi-final victory over France. “We were so close to going into extra time,” Riise said after the final. “We cannot play like Spain. We need to be strong in defence and good on the counterattack, and that’s what we did. The girls should be proud of their performance. “Of course, they’re disappointed now, but they will learn so much from going through the group stage and knockout stage. “The early goal was exactly in our thinking of how we could do it. We followed the game plan well, being strong and not letting Spain get into space. The games we won against Sweden and France, it went our way. This time, it was the opposite. We were close, but not close enough.”
EURO TITLE NUMBER TWO FOR SPAIN

Spain’s Women’s Futsal EURO victory to act as a platform for further growth and development of the game.

Spain celebrated the 4-1 penalty shoot-out victory over Portugal that crowned them champions of Women’s Futsal EURO 2022, their goalkeeper, Silvia Aguete – who made two crucial saves during the shoot-out – used the moment to call for further growth of women’s futsal.

“It’s really important for the sport to have these kinds of matches with this atmosphere,” Aguete said at the final whistle of a thrilling tie that finished 3-3 after extra time and was watched by a capacity crowd. “Everybody needs to keep working so we can improve women’s futsal even more,” she added.

Ahead of the tournament, Aguete recalled her early experiences as a female futsal player, describing the difficulty she faced in gaining the recognition she and others deserved: “I remember my first licence: it read ‘amateur player’, despite me training every day for years,” she said. “Now teams are becoming more and more professional – we are on a good track. I could never imagine that a Women’s Futsal EURO would ever be created, so it is a dream taking part in it.”

Progress and development were clearly evident during the four-team final tournament, contested by Spain, Portugal, Ukraine and Hungary (in replacement of Russia) between 1 and 3 July in Gondomar, Portugal. The final tournament – originally scheduled to run from 15 to 17 July 2022 – had been postponed after consultation and with the agreement of the host association. It had been postponed after consultation and with the agreement of the host association.

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“A women’s futsal has been working for years, and we’re seeing the results. We need to keep working so we can improve women’s futsal even more,” she said. “Now teams are becoming more and more professional – we are on a good track. I could never imagine that a Women’s Futsal EURO would ever be created, so it is a dream taking part in it.”

The first two editions of the Women’s Futsal EURO in 2017, contested by Spain, Portugal, Ukraine and Hungary (in replacement of Russia), had been postponed after consultation and with the agreement of the host association. Progress and development were clearly evident during the four-team final tournament, contested by Spain, Portugal, Ukraine and Hungary (in replacement of Russia) between 1 and 3 July in Gondomar, Portugal. The final tournament – originally scheduled to run from 15 to 17 July 2022 – had been postponed after consultation and with the agreement of the host association.

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Before the announcement of the first Women’s Futsal EURO tournament in 2017, there were only seven national teams in Europe. In the years since the inaugural tournament, that number has close to quadrupled. The aim is to reach 30 teams for the fourth edition in 2024/25.

Spain retain title on penalties

After winning the first-ever Women’s Futsal EURO in 2019, also against Portugal, Spain returned to the scene of their success to add EURO title number two to their collection in 2022. In the inaugural final three years ago, Spain ran out 4-0 winners. On that occasion, goals from Mayte, Ana Luján and Amelia Romero saw them take a 3-0 lead within ten minutes. This time round, however, the narrative of the contest was considerably different. Within 18 minutes, goals from Portugal’s Ana Azevedo and Pisko meant the hosts found themselves with a 2-0 lead over the holders. Spain were, however, quick to respond and Ale de Paz’s double strike forced the game into extra time.

It was here that Spain went ahead in the tie for first time, Sanz scoring after 43 minutes. However, five minutes later, Portugal’s Pisko went on to add her second of the game to send the contest to penalties. From there, Spain’s composure and the goalkeeping skills of Aguete ensured victory in a thrilling and closely contested tie.

While celebrating victory, Spain’s goalscorer Ale de Paz praised the effort of her team-mates and the support of the national association for their success: “The only secret behind Spain’s success is the hard work done by the players, the clubs and the national association,” she said. “It was truly special to play in a match like this one, because it was the final and the atmosphere was simply unbelievable. This is Spain’s second title and my first. I’m living a dream.”

Ale de Paz went on to describe the excitement experienced during the final as well as acknowledging Portugal’s contribution to an absorbing contest: “It was an amazing match by both teams and I think you couldn’t ask for a better or more dramatic final. It’s amazing to be holding this trophy and it’s hard to describe what it means. I’m very happy to have scored two goals but even more because that helped my team to achieve their final objective.”

Although disappointed with the result, Portugal’s Inês Fernandes thanked the incredible support of a sold-out arena in Gondomar: “I feel really sorry for our amazing fans because they deserved a different result,” she said. “I want to thank everyone who was here tonight and at home supporting us. We felt their strength.”

Spain had booked their place in the final after a convincing 9-0 victory over Ukraine in the semi-finals. Portugal enjoyed a similarly emphatic win on the way to the final, beating Hungary 6-0. In the third-place play-off, Ukraine overcame Hungary 2-1 to finish third in the competition.

Final

Portugal 3-3 Spain (aet), 1-4 pens.

Semi-finals

Ukraine 0-9 Spain
Portugal 6-0 Hungary

Third-place play-off

Hungary 1-2 Ukraine

1 JULY

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3 JULY

Third-place play-off

Hungary 1-2 Ukraine

Final

Portugal 3-3 Spain (aet), 1-4 pens.
OUT TO CONQUER THE WORLD!

Having lifted the trophy in 2006 (Italy), 2010 (Spain), 2014 (Germany) and 2018 (France), European nations are hoping to make it five in a row by winning the 2022 FIFA World Cup.

Thirteen European countries booked their tickets for Qatar in a qualifying tournament in which standards were impressively high. Even though the reigning European champions, Italy, will be missing (as they were in 2018), there are many familiar faces among the contenders for the world title. Of the continent’s 13 representatives in Qatar, only the Netherlands and Wales were absent in Russia in 2018, when the European teams produced some outstanding results (ten reached the round of 16, six the quarter-finals and four the semi-finals). The last non-European victory came in 2002, when Brazil won the first World Cup to be held on Asian soil, in South Korea and Japan. Which of them is in the best position to win this year’s World Cup? UEFA Direct runs the rule over the 13 teams vying to bring the trophy back to European soil again.

**Group A: The Netherlands are back!**

Surprise absences at EURO 2016 and the 2018 World Cup, the Netherlands are quietly making their way back to centre stage, with recent results demonstrating clear signs of progress. At EURO 2020, the Dutch were knocked out in the round of 16 after some encouraging group stage performances. They then sealed their place in Qatar after a solid campaign in which standards were impressively high. Even though the reigning European champions, Italy, will be missing (as they were in 2018), there are many familiar faces among the contenders for the world title. Of the continent’s 13 representatives in Qatar, only the Netherlands and Wales were absent in Russia in 2018, when the European teams produced some outstanding results (ten reached the round of 16, six the quarter-finals and four the semi-finals). The last non-European victory came in 2002, when Brazil won the first World Cup to be held on Asian soil, in South Korea and Japan. Which of them is in the best position to win this year’s World Cup? UEFA Direct runs the rule over the 13 teams vying to bring the trophy back to European soil again.

**Group B: England crave success while Wales make long-awaited return**

For two British neighbours, expectations could hardly be more different. On one side of the border, since Gareth Southgate’s appointment as coach England have been steadily establishing themselves as a powerhouse of world football. Semi-finalists at the 2018 World Cup, at EURO 2020 the English looked set to lift their first major trophy since 1966, but saw Italy snatch the European title on penalties in front of a stunned Wembley crowd. Rather than lose heart, the unstoppable Harry Kane (joint top scorer with 12 goals) and his team-mates flew through the qualifiers, finishing with the most goals scored (39) and the best goal difference (+36). The England backroom staff’s meticulous preparation for final tournaments will once again put the team in good stead to lift the biggest prize of all.

Before they look too far ahead, however, the English will need to find their way out of a group that also includes the United States, Iran and Wales. The draw gave the Welsh genuine hope of reaching the round of 16 as they return to the World Cup stage 64 years after their only previous appearance, when they reached the 1958 quarter-finals.

Despite failing to keep pace with Belgium in their qualifying group, Wales took advantage of a frenzied atmosphere at Cardiff City Stadium to beat Austria and Ukraine in the play-offs, with Gareth Bale once again their saviour. Although they were knocked out in the EURO 2020 round of 16, the Dragons proved that they are more than capable of holding their own in major tournaments by reaching the EURO 2016 semi-finals.

**Group C: Poles aiming to break the curse**

Eliminated in the first round in each of their last three World Cup appearances (2002, 2006 and 2018), Poland will fancy themselves to emerge from a group in which they will face Argentina, Mexico and Saudi Arabia. Robert Lewandowski, who holds the record for appearances (130) and goals (75) for the Polish men’s national team but has yet to shine at a major tournament, will be desperate to lead his team into the round of 16 for the first time since 1986.

Reaching the knockout stages was considered a formality for Poland in those days, following semi-final appearances in 1974 and 1982, but that is certainly not the case this year. After finishing runners-up to England in their qualifying group, the Poles got the better of Sweden in their play-off final, garnering revenge over the Swedes, who had thwarted their efforts to progress from the EURO 2020 group stage a few months earlier.

**Group D: France and Denmark, a winning reunion?**

It is hard not to draw parallels with the 2018 World Cup. Just like four years ago, France and Denmark find themselves in the same group. Their goalless draw in 2018 did not live long in the memory, in stark contrast to the French team’s subsequent run to a second World Cup title after their first in 1998, when Les Bleus also faced Denmark in the group stage.

Since lifting the trophy in 2018, Didier Deschamps’ men have bloomed hot and cold, losing in the EURO 2020 round of 16 before a superb victory in the 2021 Nations League finals. With the Mbappé–Barioz partnership up front, France have enormous attacking potential, but the defensive solidity that was such a strength in 2018 has recently given way to a certain vulnerability at the back.
Denmark took advantage of the shaky French defence to win a recent 2-1 Nations League win at the Stade de France, less than six months before the countries meet again in Qatar. Their victory backed up an impressive recent run of results by Kasper Hjulmand’s team, particularly at EURO 2020 where, after losing their first two matches, the Danes’ prolific strike force almost took them all the way to the end. In the end, they just fell short, losing to the hosts, England, in extra time. With a number of established European stars in their ranks (Kjaer, Maehle and Braithwaite, to name but three), the Danes dominated their World Cup qualifying group, winning nine out of ten matches, scoring 30 goals and conceding just three, and currently top their Nations League group, ahead of rivals France. They have also welcomed back their talisman, Christian Eriksen, who will play a key role in their efforts to overcome not only France, but also Australia and Tunisia. While history is in the Germans’ favour, they just fell short, losing to the hosts, England, in extra time. De Bruyne and Hazardi, an attractive style of play and an impressive goalscoring record to boot… but still they await their first major title. After winning their first four matches at EURO 2020, Roberto Martínez’s team were again knocked out by the eventual winners, Italy, in the quarter-finals, and have become a leading light on the international stage, reaching at least the quarter-finals at the last two World Cups and Euros.

Group E: Spain and Germany could go far
No group could contain two more prestigious guests of the European game. Spain will be making their 12th consecutive World Cup finals appearance: an extraordinary feat, but one that almost pales into insignificance when compared with Germany’s record, since the 2022 World Cup finals will be their 17th in a row. While history is in the Germans’ favour, the Spanish have enjoyed more recent success. After enduring a sticky patch between 2014 and 2018 (following their Euro 2020 campaign, in which they were runners-up) the blossoming midfield partnership between Pedri and Gavi, two of the latest in a long line of Spanish playmakers. Luis Enrique’s men look capable of going far in the competition and are favourites to finish ahead of Japan and Costa Rica. The same can be said of Germany, even though they crashed out in the 2018 group stage, victims of the curse of first-round elimination that has hit every reigning champion since 2010. The Germans’ EURO 2020 campaign, in which they were knocked out by England in the round of 16 in Joachim Löw’s last major tournament as coach, was not much better. However, with Hansi Flick at the helm, Die Mannschaft enjoyed their usual stroll through the World Cup qualifiers, with six different players netting three or more times and an impressive 36 goals scored overall. Their recent 5-2 Nations League win over Italy showed that they are certainly a force to be reckoned with, having already reached 13 World Cup semi-finals and a record eight finals, it is hard to imagine anything other than a successful run in Qatar.

Group F: Can Belgium and Croatia repeat 2018 success?
Belgium, who were beaten 1-0 by France in the semi-finals, and Croatia, 4-2 losers against Les Bleus in the final, both enjoyed extraordinary success in 2018. But can they repeat it in 2022? It certainly seems possible where the Belgians and their golden generation are concerned. Belgium have consistently been among the favourites in recent tournaments, with outstanding players (including Lukaku, Hazard and De Bruyne) and currently top their Nations League group, winning nine out of ten matches, scoring 30 goals and conceding just three, but still they await their first major title. After winning their first four matches at EURO 2020, Roberto Martínez’s team were again knocked out by the eventual winners, Italy, in the quarter-finals, and have become a leading light on the international stage, reaching at least the quarter-finals at the last two World Cups and Euros. Once again, World Cup qualifying was a walk in the park for the Belgians, raising a whole nation’s hopes of winning the ultimate prize. However, while they can still call on most of their key players from 2018, the same cannot be said of Croatia, who can no longer call on Daniel Subašić, Ivan Rakitić and Mario Mandžukić, among others. Of course, Croatia’s excellent youth system continues to produce new talent and midfield maestro Luka Modrić remains a global superstar, but it is hard to deny that the Croatian team is on something of a downward trajectory. Before securing World Cup qualification thanks to an 81st-minute Russian own goal, the Croat had been eliminated by Spain in the round of 16 at EURO 2020. However, despite a relatively poor run of results, they remain favourites to finish second in the group behind Belgium by seeing off Morocco and Canada.

Group G: Switzerland and Serbia face Brazil (again)
The make-up of Group G also produced a sense of déjà vu, since Switzerland and Serbia were also drawn together in the same group at the 2018 World Cup, where they were also joined by Brazil! This time, Cameroon will fill the fourth slot instead of Costa Rica. Switzerland have fonder memories of 2018 than the Serbs, since they managed to hold Brazil off and qualify for the round of 16. A similar outcome seems feasible in 2022, with Xherdan Shaqiri and his team-mates, who will compete in their fifth consecutive World Cup, continuing to deliver top-class performances. Boosting the best defensive record in the qualifying competition (only two goals conceded), the Swiss finished ahead of Italy, demonstrating their ability to hold their own with the world’s leading small nations. At EURO 2020, they knocked out the world champions, France, in the round of 16 before losing to Spain on penalties. Despite never having progressed beyond the quarter-finals at a major tournament, can they go a step further in Qatar? A similar question could be asked of Serbia, who have never reached the knock-out stage of a major tournament in their current guise (Yugoslavia’s past achievements excluded). The Serbs, the only European team in Qatar to have missed EURO 2020, booked their place thanks to a last-minute header by prolific Aleksandar Mitrović (eight goals in the qualifiers) in their final qualifier against Portugal.

Group H: Portugal will need to be on form
Having been usurped by Serbia in their qualifying group, Portugal managed to come through the lottery of the play-offs by beating Turkey and then North Macedonia. The Portuguese will therefore be at their sixth consecutive World Cup finals, with Cristiano Ronaldo featuring for the fifth time to equal the record for a player. The Portuguese captain will have one final chance to shine on the world stage, where his record is rather disappointing: seven goals in 17 matches, none in the last four knock-out stages, and in the round of 16 at both the 2018 World Cup and EURO 2020. With a mix of experienced older players and hugely talented youngsters to call on, they certainly deserve to be considered favourites to win a group that also includes Uruguay, Ghana and South Korea. •

DE BRUYNIE AND HAZARDI, AN ATTRACTIVE STYLE OF PLAY AND AN IMPRESSIVE GOALSCORING RECORD TOBOOT... BUT STILL THEY AVOID THEIR FIRST MAJOR TITLE. AFTER WINNING THEIR FIRST FOUR MATCHES AT EURO 2020, ROBERTO MARTÍNEZ’S TEAM WERE AGAIN KNOCKED OUT BY THE EVENTUAL WINNERS, ITALY, IN THE QUARTER-FINALS, AND HAVE BECOME A LEADING LIGHT ON THE INTERNATIONAL STAGE, REACHING AT LEAST THE QUARTER-FINALS AT THE LAST TWO WORLD CUPS AND EUROS.

GROUP F: CAN BELGIUM AND CROATIA REPEAT 2018 SUCCESS?
BELGIUM, WHO WERE BEATEN 1-0 BY FRANCE IN THE SEMI-FINALS, AND CROATIA, 4-2 LOSERS AGAINST LES BLEUS IN THE FINAL, BOTH ENJOYED EXTRAORDINARY SUCCESS IN 2018. BUT CAN THEY REPEAT IT IN 2022? IT CERTAINLY SEEMS POSSIBLE WHERE THE BELGIANSS AND THEIR GOLDEN GENERATION ARE CONCERNED. BELGIUM HAVE CONSISTENTLY BEEN AMONG THE FAVOURITES IN RECENT TOURNAMENTS, WITH OUTSTANDING PLAYERS (INCLUDING LUKAKU, DE BRUYNE AND HAZARDI) AND CURRENTLY TOP THEIR NATIONS LEAGUE GROUP, WINNING NINE OUT OF TEN MATCHES, SCORING 30 GOALS AND CONCEDEING JUST THREE, BUT STILL THEY AWAIT THEIR FIRST MAJOR TITLE.
A new platform that uses satellite images and artificial intelligence (AI) has made it possible to map more than 250,000 football pitches across Europe, providing national football associations with new development opportunities.

Based on the need for more insights and data on football facilities, the UEFA Grow team and the UEFA intelligence centre have developed an AI-driven platform that uses open-source maps and satellite images to identify and classify more than 250,000 football pitches across Europe.

Knowledge of the number, locations and types of football pitches present in different areas provides important information to drive the development of football in Europe. Data analysis indicates that there is a positive statistical correlation between the relative number of pitches within a country and the participation rate in that country, which may help associations build a robust pitch development strategy when they consider how to grow the game sustainably.

The UEFA pitch mapping tool can differentiate between certain pitch types, such as grass, artificial and concrete pitches, as well as pinpoint the latitude and longitude of any pitch location. The tool highlights heat maps that show pitch density across Europe, so areas with a high concentration of football pitches can be easily seen.

Correlating pitches and local population for better investment

Data has also been overlaid to show the population of different countries and regions, showing which nations have a higher number of pitches in relation to their overall or regional population, and which have lower and might therefore consider a plan to develop more infrastructure.

The pitch mapping tool will help national associations decide how, where and why investments might be made in developing new facilities to grow football participation levels.

With the pitch mapping tool, you can zoom in close (Below: a view over Odense in Denmark). The platform provides statistics per country and region, as well as differentiating between pitch types (grass, artificial, concrete, etc.) and their location (schools, sports centres, stadiums, etc.).
UEFA Youth League holders win Under-20 Intercontinental Cup

IN THE FIRST MEETING between the winners of the Copa Libertadores U20 and UEFA Youth League, it was the European side that triumphed, but it took some fine saves from Samuel Soares in the Benfica goal to keep out the South American champions.

On 21 August, in front of a fervent crowd of 40,579 at the Estadio Centenario in Montevideo, Uruguay, stage for the first World Cup final in 1930, Benfica began promisingly. But a well-organised Peñarol allowed the Eagles little space to produce the sweeping attacking football with which they defeated Salzburg 6-0 in April’s UEFA Youth League final, though hat-trick scorer that day, Henrique Araújo, was not available due to UEFA Champions League duties.

The home side looked dangerous on the break, Máximo Alonso having a shot blocked. Samuel Soares also had to be alert to tip away an inswinging Santiago Homencenko free-kick and early in the second half he got down well to a Nicola Rossi strike. Yet it was Benfica who struck with just over 20 minutes left, Luis Semedo poucing to turn in a flicked-on Cher N’Diaye corner, scoring as a substitute just as he did in the UEFA Youth League final. Peñarol looked to respond and Samuel Soares did superbly to deny Homencenko again as Benfica held on to lift the new trophy.

Semi-automated offside technology introduced

ON 10 AUGUST, semi-automated offside technology (SAOT) was used in a UEFA club competition for the first time at the Super Cup match in Helsinki. The technology will also be used from the group stage in this season’s UEFA Champions League.

“UEFA is constantly looking for new technological solutions to improve the game and support the work of the referees. This innovative system will allow VAR (video assistant referee) teams to determine offside situations quickly and more accurately, enhancing the flow of the game and the consistency of decisions,” said UEFA’s chief refereeing officer, Roberto Rosetti.

The new system uses specialised cameras that are able to track 29 different body points per player. A total of 188 tests have been performed since 2020, including in last season’s men’s Champions League and at the Women’s EURO this summer.

“The system is ready to be used in official matches and implemented at each [men’s] Champions League venue,” Rosetti confirmed.

A NEW BRAND AND A NEW IDENTITY

The Gibraltar Football Association and the Gibraltar Football League Association have jointly launched a new brand and identity for Gibraltar’s senior men’s domestic league.

BY STEVEN GONZALEZ

The competition, which up to now was called the Gibraltar National League, will now be known as the Gibraltar Football League (GFL). As well as being renamed, the league has a new, modern visual identity.

The new GFL brand, which encapsulates Gibraltar’s famous Barbary macaque, has been designed and created by local marketing agency The Bulb, which has been working with the Gibraltar FA (GFA) and the Gibraltar Football League Association (GFLA) to capture the concepts and ideas and transform their brief into the new Gibraltar Football League logo.

In addition to the new logo, name and identity, a new GFL website will be the online home for everything relating to the league. The site is already up and running in the build-up to the season’s big kick-off at the end of September.

The new look GFL, which has been fully backed by the Gibraltar FA, is the first in a series of new joint initiatives to be rolled out ahead of the new season, aimed at driving and boosting fan engagement and experiences around the GFL.

The Gibraltar FA general secretary, Ian Robba, said at the GFL launch: “Today is an exciting day for football in Gibraltar, as together with the GFLA we have launched a new brand and identity for the Gibraltar Football League. The launch is a testament to a lot of hard work that has been put in by the Gibraltar FA and the GFLA in conjunction with our excellent marketing agency, The Bulb.”

“The new identity and logo are and will become fundamental pillars in launching Gibraltarian club football onto a whole new level of modern and professional league football, and together with the GFL and our clubs we will shortly be announcing more exciting projects ahead of the start of the leagues at the end of September.”

Technical reports

UEFA’S TECHNICAL OBSERVERS have delivered their insights in technical reports on the four projects this season: UEFA Champions League, UEFA Women’s Champions League, UEFA Europa League and UEFA Europa Conference League.

The reports provide comprehensive analysis of the tactical and technical trends; the goals, as well as statistics on pressing, set pieces, passing, possession, goalkeeping, and much more. The reports are available in English, French and German on uefatechnicalreports.com.
100 YEARS – 100 GAMES

Lithuanian football is marking its 100th anniversary this year and to make this milestone a countrywide celebration, more than 100 games took place during the weekend of 6 to 8 May.

BY VAIDOTAS KAZLAUSKAS

The official start of organised football in the country is said to be 7 May 1922, when the two first official matches in the Lithuanian championship took place in Kaunas. In 1923, Lithuania was accepted into football’s world governing body, FIFA, and after the collapse of the Soviet Union and gaining independence in 1990, membership of UEFA was secured in 1992.

To focus all the attention on the game itself, the Lithuanian Football Federation (LFF) decided to hold a festive weekend with more than 100 games over three days. The games involved people of all ages – starting with fun football festivals for young children, moving up to the youth and adult football levels.

Both the LFF president and the federation’s general secretary, Edgaras Stankevičius, spent the festive weekend travelling the country, visiting different events and congratulating the participants.

“I am convinced that the project will help not only professional football but even more so amateur football. Football is not just a game, it is not just a competition, it is education. We will continue to work hard to create the best conditions for the players, to create the best programmes. Today, about 15,000 children are part of our game and our target is to double that number and this ambitious figure will be achieved through these projects,” said the LFF president, Tomas Danilevičius.

The president of the Albanian FA, Armand Duka, said at the project launch: “It is really exciting to launch this project, which I hope and am sure will greatly help the development of Albanian football. I am convinced that the project will help not only professional football but even children, to create the best programmes. Today, about 15,000 Albanian children are part of our game and our target is to double that number and this ambitious figure will be achieved through these projects.”

The other film focuses on recent times – it follows the campaign of the men’s senior national football team in the current UEFA Nations League. The camera follows the team at their training camps and documents all the emotions and drama during training, games, everyday life and everything in between.

The project will cost €1m per season and the bill will be paid by the Albanian FA, thus significantly reducing the burden on families and also giving all children the opportunity to play football in better conditions.

Albanian families whose children play football. Giving free sportswear to all children who play football, starting from the new season, is expected to assist the growth of the game in Albania and bring more boys and girls closer to the magical world of football.

FREE SPORTSWEAR FOR EVERY CHILD WHO PLAYS FOOTBALL

FATJON KODRA

The Albanian Football Association has launched a project to provide free sportswear to every child who plays football up to the Under-19 age category. It is a very vital initiative for the development of football in our country. Each set of sportswear consists of a playing uniform, training kit, tracksuit, rain jacket and kit bag.

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Both films are set to premiere by the end of this year.

EIGHTH WOMEN’S CAMP

IVAN MOURE

This summer, the Andoran Football Federation organised their eighth women’s camp at La Massana training centre, bringing together 80 players to improve their skills, learn new tactical concepts or simply enjoy a new experience, with more than 20 of them not having played football before.

The vast majority of the participants were from Andorra, but some also came from Leida and Barcelona in Spain. All of them enjoyed two training sessions a day, mixing football with other leisure activities such as swimming or excursions in and around Andorra.

The players also benefitted from team-building exercises, learning and promoting values directly related to football such as friendship, companionship and respect.

ALBANIA

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ANDORRA

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A SEMINAR ON THE VAR PROJECT

FIRUZ ABDULLA

A seminar regarding the video assistant referee (VAR) project of the Azerbaijan Association of Football Federations (AFFA) was organised for media representatives at the VAR centre located in the Baku Olympic Stadium. VAR project manager Elhan Samadov explained the system and provided information about the work done so far in terms of the use of VAR in Azerbaijan. Media representatives and commentators from the CBC Sport TV channel, which owns the rights to broadcast matches in the Azerbaijan premier league, got acquainted with the conditions in the VAR centre and with how the VAR protocol works with the participation of FIFA referees Aliyar Aghayev and Elchin Masaliev, who also gave information about the implementation of the project and answered questions.

The document confirming the implementation of VAR was sent to the AFFA by FIFA, which carried out the technological preparation of the VAR system on 13 and 14 July, followed by a successful final evaluation of the referees from 22 to 24 July. The VAR system will be used in the 2022/23 Azerbaijan premier league, which kicked off on 5 August.

First Football Marketing Forum

MATTEO BALLIAUW, JULES FREMAUT AND KEN STANDAERT

The Royal Belgian Football Association (RBFA) is holding its first Football Marketing Forum on 4 October. Under the slogan ‘Winning hearts and minds through sponsorship’, this international event aims to bring together the cream of the Belgian and European business community and several sports marketing experts with representatives of Belgian football clubs, as well as other football associations and other sports.

“Our men’s national football team is among the top in the world, but as an association, we also want to play a pioneering role. With this event, we want to inspire the Belgian sports world and provide insight into the latest sports marketing trends,” says Manu Leroy, the RBFA director of marketing and communication.

Modern football is much more than just a game. To compete in the modern market, clubs need to engage their fans through creative marketing techniques and social media. The RBFA, as the national football association, believes in the power of marketing and communication to help achieve its objectives.

The first edition boasts a host of interesting speakers, including representatives of The Coca-Cola Company, FC Barcelona and Dutch telecommunications company KPN (sponsor of the Eredivisie and the KNVB). For the RBFA, Manu Leroy and men’s national team head coach Roberto Martínez will highlight the path that the football association has taken in terms of marketing with the Belgian Red Devils and the Red Flames. The English FA and Bartley are also set to come and speak about sponsorship in the growing sector of women’s football.

“In addition to the keynotes and panel discussions, we will also provide networking opportunities, and thanks to Coca-Cola, FIFA will lend us the official World Cup trophy, along with a former top footballer who won the World Cup himself. With the Football Marketing Forum, we really want to fulfil our role in the football ecosystem and bring together the business world, the academic world as well as sports clubs and national associations,” adds Manu Leroy.

To learn more about the football marketing forum and see the programme, visit www.rbfa.be/en/marketingforum22.

Football as a Tool for Integration

SLAVICA PECKOZA

The Bosnia and Herzegovina Football Federation, together with the International Organization for Migration (IOM) and the Respekt football school from Sarajevo, has begun implementation of a project to integrate migrants into society through football.

The UEFA-backed project includes different activities for migrants such as preliminary training sessions, education programmes and fun football tournaments. A preliminary training session was held in the middle of August at migrant camps in Hadžići and Blažuj.

The idea is to organise further sessions in the area of Una-Sana Canton and other camps in Sarajevo and Herzegovina.

“The implementation of this project was slowed down significantly because of the pandemic. It is clear that migrants are going through a very difficult time in their lives, and our goal is to make their situation at least a bit easier through football activities. We really appreciate the IOM’s continued support, and that of the Respekt football school as well, whose coaches are working with migrants,” said Ivana Vlaić, the football federation’s project manager.

Migrants who would like to continue with regular training sessions will be able to do so at the Respekt football school, whose founder, Emir Hupur, said: “The last grant from UEFA has further boosted our motivation to contribute to this wonderful project. We would like to give every child the opportunity to play to play sport, and everyone has the same starting position. We use football as a tool for social inclusion, integration and non-discrimination, and ‘football for all’ is our mission.”
DEVELOPING YOUTH PLAYERS

NIKA BANTUHARJEVIC

As part of its new collaboration with football clubs that bring together Croatian communities in the US and Canada, the Croatian Football Federation (HNS) joined forces with clubs in Cleveland (USA) and Croatia Norval (Canada) to organise two football camps in North America this summer, with the camps designed to serve as a vehicle for fostering a strong connection between the HNS and Croatians living abroad and for discovering young players of Croatian heritage.

“We saw some very talented players at the camps in Cleveland and Norval, and we hope that working with our coaches helped them develop their skills. We think this is an excellent opportunity to additionally strengthen the Croatian national team’s presence in North America and to help us connect with young players there,” said the HNS president, Marijan Kustić.

On their return from North America, the HNS coaches and technical staff continued to work on the development of young players through youth national team camps for the boys’ and girls’ Under-15 and Under-16 teams, as well as through participating in the Telši CuP with the boys’ Under-17 team. The federation’s player development and selection efforts are certain to be further strengthened by the recruitment of Robert Jarry, who has coached numerous senior and youth teams and also played for Croatia at the 1998 World Cup. Jarry previously coached the Croatian men’s Under-19s between 2017 and 2019 and has now taken on the role of head coach of the boys’ Under-17 team.

A concession to the tournament was at the top level, which is evidenced by the very positive feedback from the participating teams and UEFA. We see the entire tournament as a big investment in the further development of women’s football in the Czech Republic. We firmly believe that the tournament will also help our national team players – help them with their further development in their clubs or subsequent inclusion in the senior national team. The young national teams should serve as a preparation stage for their future careers in the A team,” said the FACR president, Petr Fousek.

Many accompanying events were organised for the year’s finals, for which former footballer Lucie Votíková and former Czech goalkeeper Jan Laštůvka served as tournament ambassadors. The FACR grassroots department also prepared a legacy programme designed to encourage more girls to take up the game, particularly those in the 6-14 age range. Women’s football has been experiencing a great boom in recent years and we would like this trend to continue, not only in the Moravian-Silesian region but throughout the whole country, in cooperation with schools, clubs and our grassroots coaches.

Current Czech national team players Barbora Votíková (Paris Saint-Germain) and Andrea Stálková (Atlético Madrid) visited several of the European championship matches, met children there and took part in various activities and competitions in the fan zones and at the stadiums.

THE LEGACY OF HOSTING THE EUROPEAN WOMEN’S UNDER-19 CHAMPIONSHIP FINALS

MARTIN GREGOR

After successfully hosting the European Women’s Under-17 Championship final tournament in 2017, it was the turn of the European Women’s Under-19 Championship finals to come to the Czech Republic this year, with the Moravian-Silesian region the location.

“The Football Association of the Czech Republic (FACR) hopes that the organisation of such a prestigious event will bring a further increase in interest in women’s football in the country and in the number of active players.

“Our organisation of the tournament was at the top level, which is evidenced by the very positive feedback from the participating teams and UEFA. We see the entire tournament as a big investment in the further development of women’s football in the Czech Republic. We firmly believe that the tournament will also help our national team players – help them with their further development in their clubs or subsequent inclusion in the senior national team. The young national teams should serve as a preparation stage for their future careers in the A team,” said the FACR president, Petr Fousek.

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FA LEADERSHIP ACADEMY CONTINUES TO INSPIRE AND EMPOWER

AMY HART

Between 25 and 28 July, The FA National Youth Council delivered its annual FA Leadership Academy. Returning as an in-person event for the first time since COVID-19, the four-day residential event kicked started a 12-month learning and development programme for 55 youth leaders from diverse backgrounds.

The FA National Youth Council – which marks its tenth anniversary this season – is a group of volunteers aged 16-24 whose vision is to ensure that “all young people have meaningful opportunities to develop themselves and positively impact their football community”. The theme for this year’s leadership academy was identity, and delegates explored different aspects of their own identity and what makes them feel like they belong in football. The young leaders took part in a series of workshops focused on a range of topics, from communication and conversation through to building relationships and planning for success.

Following the residential, all FA Leadership Academy youth leaders will deliver a project within their local football communities to positively impact an area of the game they are passionate about.

Ayah Abdulrahim, one of the youth leaders who took part in this year’s event, said of the experience: “I have been inspired and empowered to go back to my football community and change the lives of others, just like attending the FA Leadership Academy has done for me.”

The FA’s national volunteering manager, Ben Giddy, said: “The Leadership Academy’s impact comes from the fact that it is designed for young people, by young people. In addition, its impact extends well beyond the four-day residential, as the young leaders are supported to implement a range of projects to help grow the game and make a real difference in their local communities.”

To learn more, please visit #FALA22 or @TheFA_NYC on Twitter, Instagram or LinkedIn.

ESTONIAN AND FINNISH FOOTBALL LEGENDS FACE OFF

MAARJA SAALEP

On the eve of the anniversary of the restoration of Estonia’s independence, on 19 August, a match between legends was held at the A. Le Coq Arena, when a team consisting of former Estonian men’s national team players hosted former top players of Finland. It was also the farewell match of Erar Jääger, Dmitri Kruglov and Aleksandr Dmitrijev.

Jääger made his national team debut in 2002 against New Zealand, coming on in the 69th minute of the match played at A. Le Coq Arena, when a team was in 2-2 draw. The winger has a total of 115 caps and four goals to his name. Kruglov’s first game for the national team was in 2004 away to Latvia, finishing the 69th minute of the match played at A. Le Coq Arena, when a team was in 2-2 draw. The winger has a total of 115 caps and four goals to his name. Dmitrijev’s debut took place in 2004 against Moldova, with Estonia winning 1-0. Dmitrijev was in the starting line-up for the first time since COVID-19, the four-day residential event kicked started a 12-month learning and development programme for 55 youth leaders from diverse backgrounds.

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The FA’s national volunteering manager, Ben Giddy, said: “The Leadership Academy’s impact comes from the fact that it is designed for young people, by young people. In addition, its impact extends well beyond the four-day residential, as the young leaders are supported to implement a range of projects to help grow the game and make a real difference in their local communities.”

To learn more, please visit #FALA22 or @TheFA_NYC on Twitter, Instagram or LinkedIn.
REFEREE EXCHANGES BETWEEN NORDIC COUNTRIES

TERJE NIELSEN

For quite a few years, the football associations in the Nordic countries have cooperated in a referee exchange programme. As a part of this cooperation, a female referee from another Nordic country came to the Faroe Islands for the first time to referee a match in the women’s top flight.

Twenty-five-year-old Marit Skurdal from Norway refereed the match between EBS/Skála and 07 Vestur along with her compatriot Niico Kafkä and local assistant referee Heini Viðoy.

The idea has always been to mix visiting referees with local referees so that they can share experiences. The Norwegians were very pleased with their visit and felt that the referee exchanges between the Nordic countries is a good opportunity for referees to get some experience of refereeing abroad.

Unfortunately, there are no female referees in the Faroe Islands as yet, but the head of refereeing at the Faroe Islands Football Association, Lásíin Isaksen, hopes that visits like this by female referees from other Nordic countries will inspire young women in the Faroe Islands to take up refereeing.


VOLUNTEERS THE HEART OF THE UEFA SUPER CUP

TARU NYLHOLM

In August, Finland hosted its first-ever UEFA club football final when Real Madrid met Eintracht Frankfurt in the UEFA Super Cup at the Helsinki Olympic Stadium.

Organising an event as large as the UEFA Super Cup would not have been possible without the contribution of 360 volunteers, whose tasks were related to customer service, accreditations, logistics, transport and media functions, among others.

“The volunteers had a massive job, but everything went perfectly in the end – I’m really proud of them!” the feedback we have received both from the volunteers and UEFA has been remarkably positive. I want to thank every volunteer who participated for their contribution,” said Silja Ranta, volunteer manager for the Super Cup and the Finnish FA. She was especially happy about the positive atmosphere and team spirit that prevailed among the volunteers.

“It was a pleasure to watch how everyone supported each other. Lots of new friendships and networks were born. The volunteers were probably the best team at this event,” she laughed.

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AMPUTEE FOOTBALL JUNIOR CAMP HELD IN TBILISI

TAMARA KAPANADZE

From 14 to 18 July, Tbilisi hosted an international camp for junior amputee footballers. Youngsters from England, Belgium, Costa Rica, Georgia, Germany, Poland and Türkei took part in the event.

“Football knows no borders. It is important for everyone to be able to play the game and be involved in this process. In 2019, we hosted the first-ever EAFF [European Amputee Football Federation] Champions League, and I am delighted to see the junior amputee camp take place in Tbilisi this year. I wish all participants the best of luck,” the GFF president, Levan Kobiashvili, said at the closing ceremony.

Together with the EAFF president, Matusz Widlak, he presented certificates to all the participants. The European Amputee Football Federation has been organising international junior amputee camps since 2019, with this camp in Tbilisi the first to be held since the pandemic.

DFB CAMPUS ALREADY A HIVE OF ACTIVITY

LUCA HERRMANN

Less than two months after opening its doors on 30 June, German football’s new home is already buzzing with activity. The DFB campus is clearly fulfilling its mission to bring sport, science and administration together under one roof and serve as a place where people meet and share ideas.

Before they had even been officially inaugurated, the national women’s team was the first to make use of the facilities, when head coach Martina Voss-Tecklenburg called up an extended squad to begin preparations for the Women’s EURO at its new Frankfurt base.

The German team’s performance in England proved that this was not a bad way to get the ball rolling. In a captivating tournament, they went all the way to the final before losing to the hosts. Meanwhile, the men’s Under-17 squad became the first national youth team to visit the campus, where they held a short training camp and scouting tournament.

The campus is also the new home of the DFB’s coach education activities. Sixteen up-and-coming coaches completed the next stage of their Pro diploma course in Frankfurt in August. On a site of roughly 15 hectares, a building complex 307m long and 18.5m tall at its highest point houses the DFB’s administrative offices and youth academy. The campus also boasts a large indoor football hall, a 33-bedroom hotel for players, a multipurpose futsal hall, three and a half grass pitches and additional training areas. The medical centre, meanwhile, provides first-class treatment and rehabilitation facilities for the players.
**WOMEN’S TEAM AT THE SPECIAL OLYMPICS WORLD GAMES**

**ETIEN DOTAN**

For the first time, an Israeli women’s team will represent our country at the Special Olympics World Games in Berlin in June next year. The head coach will be former Israel women’s international Silvi Jan. Special Olympics is the centre for the promotion of women’s sport in Israel – and the Israel Football Association jointly announced the establishment of a women’s team to represent Israel at the games. This historic move has been made possible thanks to the mobilisation of all the bodies together. It will be the first football team for women with cognitive disabilities (Down’s syndrome, autism, cognitive impairment, intellectual and developmental disabilities). The team will train under a professional team led by Silvi Jan, who says: “I am very excited to coach the Special Olympics team and to use my experience as a professional football player and coach to inspire and support the development of all the participants. Those who know me know that I have always loved challenges. I may look tough on the outside but I am full of love and giving, especially towards people with special needs. My goal is to prepare them for the World Games and for them to enjoy themselves at the same time. Their success is my success. I believe in them and will do everything I can to win gold at the World Games in Berlin.”

**LARGE-SCALE FOOTBALL FESTIVAL FOR GIRLS**

**PRESS SERVICE**

A large-scale football festival for girls, My Game, was held in 17 cities across the country. The Kazakhstan Football Federation initiated and organised the event as a way to promote women’s football in the country. Over 3,000 girls aged 9–14 took part in the festival. Experienced coaches of women’s teams, as well as players from women’s football clubs, acted as instructors, demonstrating exercises with the ball, as well as drills to practise coordination and speed.

As a result of the project, most of the participants have started playing football in their regional amateur clubs. Currently, women’s football is one of the fastest-growing sports in Kazakhstan, prompting an increase in the number of teams and the level of competition among them. At the end of the festival, all the participants received certificates and souvenirs.

The Kazakhstan Football Federation looks forward to organising similar events annually.

**MAJOR SPORTS COMPLEX OPENS IN RIGA**

**TOMIS ARMANIS**

August saw the opening of the biggest privately owned sports complex in Latvia, which becomes the new home of Latvian champions FK RFS and a major point of football infrastructure in the capital. LNK Sport Park has two natural football pitches along with a designated warm-up area and four artificial football pitches, as well as the necessary infrastructure for other sports. Further football pitches, a multifunctional sports hall and stands for spectators are planned during the second phase of construction, transforming this previously run-down territory into a modern centre with a stadium capable of staging international fixtures in the very near future.

“In order for children to get involved in sport, in order for clubs to be able to develop themselves, modern and accessible infrastructure is a necessity. We can only express great satisfaction for a private initiative of such a scale. It will most definitely have a positive effect on the development of sport in Latvia, especially football,” said Vadims Lalenko, president of the Latvian Football Federation.
MOLDOVA WIN PROMOTION TO EURO BEACH SOCCER LEAGUE DIVISION A

ION BUGA

After winning the regular stage in Division B of the Euro Beach Soccer League in 2021, Moldova did even better this year, winning the Division B promo final on home ground in the beautiful arena at La Izvor Park in Chișinău, where they defeated Türkiye 5-3. Andreas Katsoulis was the top scorer in the process. The team's top scorer was captain Grigore Ceocariu, with six goals, who was also named the MVP of the tournament. Another of Moldova's players, Ruslan Istrati, was named best goalkeeper for the second time. Greece's Andreas Katsoulis was the top scorer in the competition, with eight goals. Over five days, the beach soccer arena in Chișinău hosted 30 matches, in which 212 goals were scored. The Division B promo tournament involved 12 European teams:

- England, Denmark, Georgia, Greece, Kazakhstan, Latvia, Lithuania, Malta, Moldova, Norway, Romania and Türkiye, with 133 players taking part.

The next step is to introduce the platform to youth coaches in all the county football associations.

DEGREE COURSE OPENS UP OPPORTUNITIES IN FOOTBALL

INGEL TILSON

The first cohort of students to graduate from the Football Coaching and Business Management degree course run by the Irish Football Association and Ulster University has been recognised for their talents. Since its inception in 2016, the programme has been making an impact on the football industry in Northern Ireland and beyond. Several of the students have already gained employment in the industry as coaches, performance analysts, football coordinators and administrators. Graduate James Goodman (pictured) said: “I was nervous about enrolling as a mature student, but this course was far better run than the one I did 20 odd years ago. Here it felt like the lecturers really cared about your grades, further development and employment opportunities. With it being part-time, and delivered in blocks, it fitted in well with my family and work life. “The course really helped me to progress my football education, on and off the pitch. My skill set has improved considerably, as has my network of contacts within the local game. I’m now working for a club in the Irish Premiership and have been working at the Irish FA’s Elite Youth Academy in association with UEFA. This degree has opened up opportunities in football that I wouldn’t have got otherwise.”

More clubs and leagues around the country are now catering for female players, which has led to significant growth in participation numbers as the appetite for women's football continues to grow. The Football Association of Ireland’s (FAI) Club Mark Programme has played a part in assisting clubs, with 22 clubs starting a women's section since joining the programme and another 18 growing their number of women's teams and volunteers. Overall, there are 488 clubs registered with the Club Mark Programme, which helps to improve club structures both on and off the pitch. Clubs have increased their volunteer teams, retained both playing and non-playing members, enhanced their facilities and been successful in applying for various grants and initiatives by proving that governance and operating structures off the pitch are of a good standard.

The Club Mark Programme starts with an entry level award, after which clubs can progress to the one star award. A new two star award is currently being prepared to pilot with clubs before rolling it out nationwide.

GARETH MAHER

The platform was developed in partnership with the Royal Dutch Football Association and Rinus Football, a Dutch company that specialises in offering and implementing software for training sessions to all interested clubs and national associations, from the grassroots level to the very top level. “By applying the FRF technical strategy, we constantly make the player the focus of our attention and of everything we do, with the aim of supporting their technical, tactical, physical and mental development. We are well aware of how important it is to develop children and also of the fact that training sessions are different for each group, and only by implementing this vision with our 996 training session models will we be able to increase the number of players and to support the most talented of them on their way to peak performance,” said Răzvan Burleanu, the FRF president.

In accordance with the FRF technical strategy, approved and launched one year ago, the Romanian Football Federation (FRF) decided to create an online tool exclusively for all Romanian youth coaches, no matter the club or age level which they are working. The online platform, the FRF Coach, was launched at the federation’s headquarters, attended by around 130 youth coaches, who were there to learn how to use the platform and discover the benefits of using it. The platform, which can be accessed on all devices, contains training plan and exercise models, among other features, which can be adapted to each age group. The platform also allows coaches to create a longer-term training plan.

Barry McGann, FAI club development programme coordinator, said: “The FAI Club Mark Programme has provided a support network to grassroots clubs to help them implement best practice in the governance, management and administration of their club. One of the areas that has been noticeably affected by this is women’s and girls’ football. Some clubs simply did not know where to start in creating the structures required to introduce girls’ football, but with the assistance of the Club Mark Programme and guidance from FAI development officers, they have made significant strides in this area. The development of football for women and girls is massively important to the association, which is why it is a key pillar of the 2022–25 strategy.”

https://www.fai.ie/domestic/fai-club-mark

More than 7,600 exercises are available, an average of around 600 per age group, and aerobic training session models will be available for each group, and only by implementing this with our 996 training session models will we be able to increase the number of players and to support the most talented of them on their way to peak performance,” said Răzvan Burleanu, the FRF president.

PAUL ZAHARIA
**Scotland**

**A NEW WOMEN’S CUP COMPETITION**

**Angus MacGregor**

Ahead of the 150th anniversary of Scotland’s national game and the centenary of the first-ever official Scotland women’s national team match, against England, the Scottish FA has launched an ambitious new national women’s cup competition this season, with both semi-finals and the final taking place at Hampden Park.

The Scottish FA launched its bespoke women’s football strategy, Accelerate Our Game, in 2021, with the vision to harness the power of women’s football, by changing perceptions and empowering people to inspire the nation, transform lives and build an inclusive, respected and successful game.

Already, Hampden Park has become the new home of the Scotland women’s national team, the domestic league has been revolutionised in a collaborative process involving the Scottish FA, the Scottish Professional Football League and Scottish women’s football, and the football development team have rolled out the UEFA Playmakers Programme in partnership with Disney for girls aged five to eight.

Ian Maxwell, chief executive of the Scottish FA, said: “The creation of a new national cup competition is another significant step forward for women’s football in Scotland and we look forward to working with clubs, and broadcast and commercial partners to create something special 50 years on from the first-ever Scotland women’s national team match and as we look forward to celebrating 150 years of our national game.”

Fiona McIntyre, Scottish Women’s Premier League managing director and outgoing Scottish FA head of girls’ and women’s football, added: “At a time when Scottish football prepares to celebrate its rich history, both in the men’s and women’s games, it is appropriate that we commit collectively to bold new competitions that reflect the progress and ambitions for women’s football.”

**First Official Sponsor for the Women’s League**

**Peter Surin**

The Slovak women’s first league has an official partner for the first time in its history, as introduced to the general public shortly before the start of the 2022/23 season. That partner is the Demisport company, which runs a chain of sports goods stores across Slovakia and the Czech Republic.

“It’s a serious partner and, for those who are interested in football and as well for the general public, this is confirmation that women’s football is progressing and growing in our country, both qualitatively and quantitatively,” said Slovakia men’s international Jan Greguš.

The new official sponsor supplies balls for every match, a new trophy, and also increased prize money for the balls for every match, a new trophy and international Ján Greguš.

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“The new official sponsor supplies balls for every match, a new trophy, and also increased prize money for the balls for every match, a new trophy and international Ján Greguš.

“Women’s football is a key role in social integration in Switzerland.”

**Switzerland**

**Martina Küpfer**

With players from 179 different nationalities in the 1,400 clubs affiliated to the Swiss Football Association, it is clear that football is a significant contributor to social integration in Switzerland.

This is the conclusion of a two-year scientific study conducted at the University of Bern’s Institute of Sport Science, based on surveys of 42 football clubs, comprising 145 teams and 1,839 members, throughout German- and French-speaking Switzerland. The results show there is huge diversity among Swiss football clubs.

On the whole, the research suggests that the social integration of football club members is high among all generations of immigrants. Members tend to be socially connected and familiar with their club’s most important rules and customs, and they identify strongly with their club. All kinds of friendships develop at team level in particular, and many of these continue outside the club.

Membership of a football club also helps many people to improve their language skills.

“This study proves that football plays a key role in social integration in Switzerland,” said the Swiss FA president, Dominique Blanc. “We want to use the results of this research specifically to advance and improve the development of our affiliated football clubs. The Swiss FA’s vision is to be a pillar of society and the important role our clubs play in social integration shows that we’re succeeding.”

**Tackling Online Sexual Harassment**

**Melissa Palmer**

The Football Association of Wales (FAW) and the Welsh Government recently came together to launch a campaign video that aims to help tackle the issue of online sexual harassment.

The thought-provoking video, **Calling Out: Online Sexual Harassment**, reveals conversations between Wales international footballers Joe Allen, Lily Woodham, Esther Morgan and Joe Morrell, encouraging young people to speak up about sexual harassment online and the importance of calling out the behaviour.

The film promotes a culture of equality and respect, with further advice for families, children and educators available on Hwb, the digital teaching and learning platform for schools in Wales.

The video is one of a series of three from the FAW which will be published across Hwb for the next 12 months, covering conversations covering the topics of online misogyny, the importance of challenging attitudes and safely reporting inappropriate behaviour.

Wales and Swansea City player Joe Allen said: “It has been shocking to hear how many young girls and women are experiencing online sexual harassment. It has really shown that there is a need for more education on both the topic and scale of things. There is so much work to be done to put an end to this behaviour, but I hope that the conversations between myself and my Wales team-mates will encourage people to call out this behaviour and for those who may be suffering it, as tough as it may be, reporting it is vital.”
Hans Bangerter’s talent for languages and passion for sport were the ideal building blocks for a successful career in sports administration that began at the Swiss federal school of gymnastics and sport in Macolin, near the Swiss capital, Berne.

One of his responsibilities at that time was to look after foreign guests and when, in 1953, he welcomed a group of European football officials, his expertise and polite approach impressed them so much that they offered him the job of FIFA assistant general secretary. Since football was his favourite sport, he accepted the role without hesitation.

Bangerter’s seven-year spell with world football’s governing body taught him everything there was to know about the issues facing international football and its major competitions. When Pierre Delaunay, UEFA’s general secretary, resigned, he was seen as the natural replacement.

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Once again, it was an offer that Bangerter was delighted to accept, but only on condition that UEFA move its headquarters to Berne. UEFA agreed and never looked back. Bangerter took up his new position on 1 January 1960.

Finding its way
When Hans Bangerter took the reins, UEFA was still finding its way as the governing body of European football. The inaugural edition of the European Nations’ Cup, the predecessor of the UEFA European Football Championship, was yet to reach its conclusion, while UEFA’s first club competition, the European Champion Clubs’ Cup, was still in its infancy.

Considering the enormity of his remit, the tools at Bangerter’s disposal were so limited that current staff of UEFA or any other international organisation would scarcely believe it possible.

Nevertheless, initially with the help of two secretaries and a team of staff that grew steadily over the years, the general secretary rose to every challenge that came his way.

He showed great diplomacy to reconcile the views of associations from both sides of the Iron Curtain, seamlessly organised a growing number of competitions within tight timeframes, and ensured the quality of refereeing remained high, while at the same time improving the game’s technical standards, dealing with disciplinary matters, organising numerous meetings, and writing the Official Bulletin and the general secretary’s reports.

With such a multitude and variety of responsibilities, Hans Bangerter was clearly not just flexible in his thinking, but also sufficiently strong-minded to impose his ideas to protect football’s interests. He more than fulfilled his mandate, putting UEFA on a solid foundation from which it was able to keep pace with the constant changes in society and football, and overcome all the challenges that cropped up along the way.

Recognition
Hans Bangerter’s outstanding work was recognised when he was made a UEFA honorary member at the 1992 UEFA Congress in Gothenburg.

Bangerter was more than just an outstanding leader, however. He was also blessed with human qualities that made him popular not only among football officials throughout Europe and beyond, but also with his UEFA colleagues, from whom he demanded a great deal but whose efforts he was also quick to praise.

In retirement, Hans Bangerter lost none of his passion for football, or his loyalty to UEFA, in whose affairs he continued to take a keen interest. His passing is a source of great sadness for all those lucky enough to have known him.
**OCTOBER**

3 October in Nyon
UEFA Women’s Champions League: group stage draw

4/5 October
UEFA Champions League: group matches (matchday 3)
UEFA Youth League – Champions League path: group matches (matchday 3)

5 October
UEFA Youth League – domestic champions path: round 1 (return legs)

6 October
UEFA Europa League and UEFA Europa Conference League: group matches (matchday 3)

6 and 11 October
2023 FIFA Women’s World Cup: play-offs

9 October in Frankfurt
UEFA EURO 2024: qualifying draw

11/12 October
UEFA Champions League: group matches (matchday 4)
UEFA Youth League – UEFA Champions League path: group matches (matchday 4)

13 October
UEFA Europa League and UEFA Europa Conference League: group matches (matchday 4)

18 October in Bucharest
European Under-21 Championship: final round draw

19/20 October
UEFA Women’s Champions League: group matches (matchday 1)

25/26 October
UEFA Champions League: group matches (matchday 5)
UEFA Youth League – UEFA Champions League path: group matches (matchday 5)

25–30 October
UEFA Futsal Champions League: main round

26 October
UEFA Youth League – domestic champions path: round 2 (first legs)

26/27 October
UEFA Women’s Champions League: group matches (matchday 2)

27 October
UEFA Europa League and UEFA Europa Conference League: group matches (matchday 5)

31 October in Saint George Park
Women’s National Team Coaches Conference

**NOVEMBER**

1/2 November
UEFA Champions League: group matches (matchday 6)
UEFA Youth League – UEFA Champions League path: group matches (matchday 6)

2 November
UEFA Youth League – domestic champions path: round 2 (return legs)

3 November
UEFA Europa League and UEFA Europa Conference League: group matches (matchday 6)

7 November in Nyon
UEFA Champions League: round of 16 draw
UEFA Europa League and UEFA Europa Conference League: play-offs draw

8 November in Nyon
UEFA Futsal Champions League: elite round draw
UEFA Youth League: play-offs draw

23/24 November
UEFA Women’s Champions League: group matches (matchday 3)

20 November – 18 December in Qatar
FIFA World Cup

22–27 November
UEFA Futsal Champions League: elite round

**DECEMBER**

7/8 December
UEFA Women’s Champions League: group matches (matchday 4)

15/16 December
UEFA Women’s Champions League: group matches (matchday 5)

21/22 December
UEFA Women’s Champions League: group matches (matchday 6)

**NOTICES**

- Paul Van den Bulck has been elected as the new president of the Royal Belgian Football Association.
- Conrad Kirkwood has been re-elected as president of the Irish Football Association.

**OBITUARIES**

- Luciano Nizzola, former president of the Italian Football Federation, died on 21 July at the age of 89. At UEFA, he was a member of the Committee for the European Championship from 1988 to 1992 and of the Non-Amateur Football Committee from 1992 to 1996 and again from 1998 to 2000.

- György Szilágyi, life honorary president of the Hungarian Football Federation, died on 21 July at the age of 92. He was a member of the UEFA Referees Committee from 1972 to 1974 and of the Appeals Body from 1980 to 1982, as well as a long-serving member of the UEFA Youth Committee from 1982 to 2000 and of the Fair Play Committee from 1990 to 2002. He was awarded the UEFA Order of Merit in Ruby in 2004.

- Former Football Association of Ireland president and former UEFA vice-president Des Casey died on 22 August at the age of 91. He was elected onto the UEFA Executive Committee in 1992, going on to serve as a UEFA vice-president from 2000 to 2002. He was a member of UEFA’s Youth Committee from 1986 to 2000, of the Fair Play Committee from 1994 to 1996 and of the Fun Football Committee from 1996 to 2000. In 2001, he received a lifetime achievement award from UEFA for his services to grassroots football and was made an honorary member of UEFA the following year.
ONLINE ABUSE LEAVES A SCAR